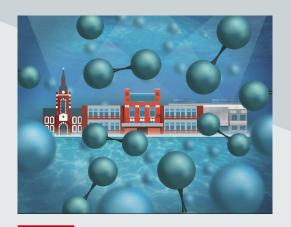


HYDROGEN - SAFETY OF ENERGY CARRIERS



Competence centre H₂Safety@BAM
We build trust in hydrogen
technologies.

www.bam.de

The person



- Chemist
- Employed at BAM since 1998
- Chair of the Competence Centre H₂SAFETY@BAM
- Head of the "Safety of Energy Carriers" Division
- Spokesperson of Cluster IV "Safety, Acceptance and Sustainable Market Introduction" of the German Hydrogen Research Network



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Safety in Technology and Chemistry

for Economic Affairs and Climate Action

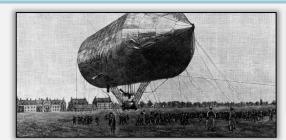


BAM is a senior scientific and technical Federal institute with responsibility to Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Climate Action









Berlin-Tempelhof 25.05.1894





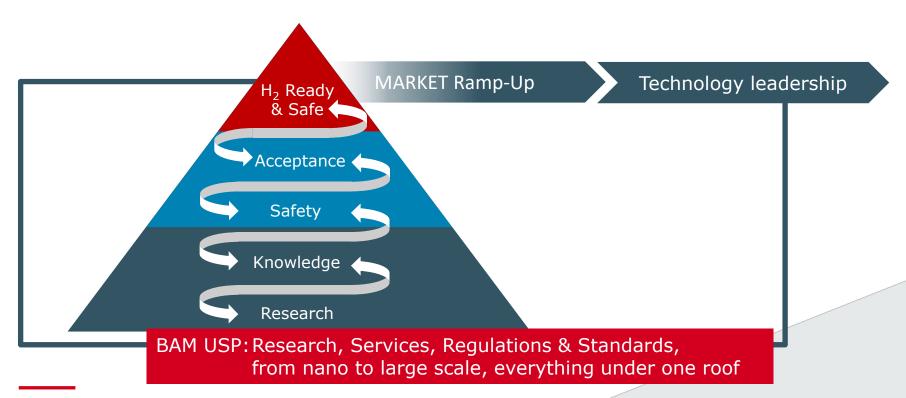


A. Martens, Journal of the Association of German Engineers, 40 (1896), No. 26, pp. 717 – 723 in German

Competence centre H₂Safety@BAM



Our contribution to the national and European hydrogen strategy



Competence Centre H₂Safety@BAM

Safety Issues along the Hydrogen Value Chain

Production



Transport



Use



- Scale-Up
- Consequences of Cross-Over
- Materials degradation
- Protection areas
- Safety guidelines

- Materials compatibility
- Explosion protection
- Consequences of failure
- Gas quality influences

- Operation-dependent safety assessments
- Structural health monitoring
- Life time assessment
- Isolating materials for cryogenic storage
- Advanced storage technologies

- Proof of safety concepts
- Leak monitoring
- Hydrogen quality
- Digital quality infrastructure
- Consequences of failures & safety measures
- Tribology and Lubricants

Acceptance

Education and Training

Regulation, Codes and Standards

Test Site for Technical Safety (BAM TTS)



The "Hydrogen Safety" test area offers unique testing possibilities



- Modern infrastructure and equipment
- Testing under extreme conditions on a real scale
- 1. H₂ Test Area (H₂TA): 100 MPa infrastructure, LH₂, Impact test facilities, Pipeline test facility
- 2. Real Lab "Hydrogen Refuelling Station"
- 3. Test house pressure vessels (completion: 08/2024)
- 4. Fire test stands and high-speed impact test facility
- 5. Free-jet testing and constructive explosion protection

Hydrogen Safety – State of the Art



- R&D on safety issues using hydrogen or on hydrogen systems are already going on for decades
- Hydrogen systems can be as safe as systems based on conventional energy carriers
 - assuming the specific properties of hydrogen and the hydrogen system are properly addressed
- Safety must be considered from the beginning of technology development
- Gap analysis required ("Not to reinvent the wheel!")

Hydrogen Safety – State of the Art



- Identified Knowledge Gaps (Extract from the "Recommendations German Hydrogen Research Network" (published 03/2022); 1.500 Experts from economy and science; Recommendations handed out to German government)
 - Material properties and compatibilities (Selection of suitable materials for entire life time of a technology)
 - Safety of LH₂ (as it might play an important role for energy transport and distribution)
 - Leak detection and monitoring (R&D of area- and volume-based detection of hydrogen releases and mixing behavior; sensor networks; Digitalization and AI)
 - Protection concepts (Guidelines for specific measures, e.g. releases; definition of protection areas; ...)
 - Knowledge transfer (Education, Training, Regulation, Codes and Standards)

Promoting Young Talent and continuous Education



8

- Cooperation with the University of Birmingham -BAM lectures on hydrogen safety within the Joint European Summer School
- Capacity building at University of Namibia (Participation to Master Graduate School)
- BAM Academy for educating and training of young scientists and experts
- BAM and BTU Cottbus joint graduate programme "TrustWorthy Hydrogen" for the promotion of PhD Students

Joint European Summer School

on Fuel Cell, Electrolyser and Battery Technologies





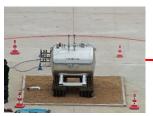




Project: Safety related research in the field of LH₂ storage and transport applications



Part 1: BLEVE Tests























High energy impact testing on gas cylinders

BAM

up to 25kJ@70MPa





construction of the impact test bench with internal pressure (modular drop apparatus)

implementation of a splinter protection (patenting of modular antisplinter elements)

implementation of a gas filling unit for filling with hydrogen (patented gas weighing unit)





Hydrogen Safety – Conclusions



- Hydrogen safety is not a barrier to the introduction of the energy carrier or technologies
- Safe handling of hydrogen has been the subject of intensive research for years → gaps need to be identified and closed
- Experience and knowledge must be used from many different areas, e.g.,
 from the chemical industry or the area of nuclear safety
- Hydrogen systems can be as safe as systems based on conventional energy carriers
- Dissemination of knowledge, competence and safety culture to all stakeholders in the technological value chain:
 - design, manufacturing, assembly, operation, maintenance, decommissioning, first responders, training, education, etc.

